

INSTRUCTIONS FOR USE

INTENDED USE

The Streck ARM-D® Kit, OXA (RUO) is a qualitative molecular test for the detection of OXA β -Lactamase genes by fluorescently-labeled DNA probes. Positive identification of the gene by this test indicates the presence of OXA resistance genes. The ARM-D Kit, OXA (RUO) generates data in under one hour. **This product has not been cleared by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration for In Vitro Diagnostic use. The product is For Research Use Only. Not for use in diagnostic procedures.**

INTRODUCTION

OXA enzymes make up the second largest family of antibiotic resistance genes in gram negative bacteria and confer resistance to penicillins, with some resistant to cephalosporins and carbapenems. With the emergence of OXA enzymes that can confer resistance to carbapenems, particularly in *A. baumannii*, these beta-lactamases have become a significant problem. Molecular detection is important for screening of these pathogens, infection control, epidemiologic data, and supplementing phenotypic testing. The Streck ARM-D Kit, OXA provides detection of the following Carbapenem Hydrolyzing Class D Beta-Lactamase (CHDL) gene families: OXA-23, OXA-24/40, OXA-48, OXA-51, OXA-58, and OXA-143.

SUMMARY AND PRINCIPLES

Nucleic acid tests can provide supplemental information as to the resistance mechanisms in addition to conventional culture susceptibility testing. Streck ARM-D Kit, OXA (RUO) allows for identification of six OXA gene families: OXA-23, OXA-24/40, OXA-48, OXA-51, OXA-58, and OXA-143. Additionally, an endogenous internal control (IC) that targets a conserved region common in Gram-negative bacteria is included to reduce false negatives due to PCR inhibition, DNA degradation, or poor extraction. This test utilizes sequence-specific primer pairs for the PCR amplification of each family as well as fluorescently-labeled, target-specific DNA probes for detection by real-time PCR.

This product has been validated with the Applied Biosystems™ (ABI) 7500 Fast Real-time PCR System.

CONTENTS

The kit includes two multiplex primers-probe mix vials in TE buffer, pH 8.0 (10X PCR Mix 1 and 2) for simultaneous real-time PCR amplification of all targets between two reaction tubes. Two external DNA control vials (Control Mix 1 and 2) containing synthetic DNA templates of the corresponding multiplex targets are also included in the kit to use as a positive control for each multiplex reaction. Premixed 2X Supermix vials containing buffer, dNTPs, MgCl₂, and DNA polymerase are also included in each kit. The kit contents are sufficient for 100 reactions total, including 12 reactions of each associated control mix.

| Primer/Probe Vials | Control Vials | Cap Color | Target Genes |
|--------------------|---------------|-----------|--------------------------------|
| 10X PCR Mix 1 | Control Mix 1 | Red | OXA-143, OXA-48, OXA-24/40, IC |
| 10X PCR Mix 2 | Control Mix 2 | White | OXA-58, OXA-51, OXA-23, IC |

*IC is the Internal Control Gene, 16S rRNA.

PRECAUTIONS

- For Research Use Only. Not for use in diagnostic procedures.
- Use established precautions with potentially biohazardous specimens according to your laboratory guidelines.
- Always use DNase/RNase-free plasticware/reagents and aerosol-barrier pipet tips.
- SDS can be obtained at www.streck.com, by calling 800-843-0912, or by calling your local supplier.

STORAGE AND STABILITY

- When stored at -20 °C, unused kit contents are stable through the expiration date.
- Minimize the number of freeze-thaw cycles where possible. Aliquots of the reagents for long-term storage may be prepared.
- When using reagents for consecutive days, store at 4 °C. Store at -20 °C for extended storage periods.

SAMPLE EXTRACTION

The Streck ARM-D Kit, OXA (RUO) was validated with previously characterized DNA samples extracted from pure bacterial culture using the QIAGEN® DNeasy® Blood and Tissue Kit. 1.5ml of a 5ml overnight culture was used, as per the extraction kit protocol, yielding DNA concentrations that range from 10-200ng/ μ l, with 260/280 ratios that range from 1.4 to 2.4. Alternative growth protocols for pure bacterial cultures and nucleic acid extraction techniques/kit should also give DNA of sufficient yield and quality. The 30-cycle PCR assay has not been tested for use with clinical samples in which targets are present in low DNA copy numbers (e.g., direct, uncultured samples).

REACTION PREPARATION

Thaw reagents, vortex briefly to mix contents, and pulse-spin vials prior to opening. Prepare a master mix (without template DNA) according to the table below and based upon the number of samples to be processed (plus one extra reaction). Include at least one Control Mix reaction and two no-template-control (NTC) samples for each respective multiplex PCR mix. It is recommended that each unknown sample is included with both multiplex PCR mixes to maximize target identification. Mix well by pipetting up and down several times. Aliquot 24 μ l of master mix into each real-time PCR well or tube. Add 1 μ l of unknown sample, corresponding Control Mix vial (1 or 2), or nuclease-free water (for NTC) to the master mix within the respective PCR well or tube. It is recommended to run two NTC samples; one at PCR set-up to test for contaminated reagents and one after the addition of template to test for carryover during template distribution. Centrifuge PCR plate or tubes prior to loading into the respective instrument.

| Source | Component | 25 μ l Reaction | Final Concentration |
|--|--|---------------------|---------------------|
| Lab Supplied | Nuclease-Free Water | 9.0 μ l | NA |
| Streck ARM-D Kit | Supermix 2X | 12.5 μ l | 1X |
| Streck ARM-D Kit | 10X PCR Mix 1 or 2 | 2.5 μ l | 1X |
| Distribute Master Mix into PCR wells or tubes as appropriate before sample addition | | | |
| Lab Supplied or Streck ARM-D Kit | Template - Unknown or NTC or Template - Control Mix 1 or 2 | 1 μ l | Variable |

PCR PROTOCOL

The following protocol has been optimized for use with the supplied Supermix 2X master mix. Some instruments may require longer extension time for signal acquisition (Detection Step). Consult your instrument manual for additional information.

| Step | General Protocol |
|---------------|--|
| Hot-start | 98 °C for 30 sec |
| 30 cycles of: | 98 °C for 5 sec 60 °C for 10 sec 72 °C for 20 sec (Detection Step) |

INSTRUMENT SET-UP

The detection of each target is based on the fluorescence of the fluorophore conjugated to each target-specific DNA probe as shown in the table below. The following are general instrument set-up instructions. Parameters specific to the ABI 7500 Fast Real-time PCR System are described in the Data Acquisition and Analysis Guide which can be found on www.streck.com.

- Insert plates or tubes into the real-time PCR system.
- Create or select a thermal profile or cycling protocol.
- Assign control and sample wells when necessary.
- For data interpretation, thresholds should be manually set for optimal performance (see Data Acquisition and Analysis Guide for recommended instrument-specific threshold and baseline settings).

Table 1. The detection of each target is based on the optical fluorescence of the fluorophore conjugated to each target-specific DNA probe.

| Master Mix | Target Gene | Fluorophore | Excitation λ_{max} | Emission λ_{em} |
|------------|-------------|-------------|----------------------------|-------------------------|
| PCR Mix 1 | OXA-143 | FAM | 495nm | 520nm |
| | OXA-48 | HEX | 538nm | 555nm |
| | OXA-24/40 | TEX615 | 596nm | 613nm |
| | IC | Cy5 | 645nm | 665nm |
| PCR Mix 2 | OXA-58 | FAM | 495nm | 520nm |
| | OXA-51 | HEX | 538nm | 555nm |
| | OXA-23 | TEX615 | 596nm | 613nm |
| | IC | Cy5 | 645nm | 665nm |

DATA INTERPRETATION

General: Each real-time PCR run must be validated with the Control Mix vials provided with the kit. If the specifications for Cq values for the DNA controls are not met, the results are considered invalid and samples must be re-evaluated. Cq values of unknown samples will vary depending on the starting DNA copy number. Visually inspect amplification curves for each unknown sample to verify results. As a general guideline, Cq values for OXA β -lactamase targets in unknown isolates can range from 10 to 26.

The Streck ARM-D Kit, OXA (RUO) is a qualitative test. To verify performance of the kit, each real-time PCR run must be verified with the Control Mix vials provided with the kit and by evaluating positive and negative control amplification curves.

- Cq values for positive controls may vary between real-time PCR systems. For optimal assay performance, verify that threshold values for each target and/or fluorophore have been manually set prior to analyzing Cq values for unknown samples. (See instrument-specific Data Acquisition and Analysis Guide for more information).
- Cq values of unknown samples will have a positive Cq value in the FAM, HEX, TEX615, and Cy5 channels. If the Cq value is ≤ 26 for each target, control runs should be considered valid.
- Negative Controls should not have a Cq value.
- If there is a run failure on the real-time PCR system, results are invalid and the assay must be repeated.
- Unknown samples may be interpreted as positive if the Cq value is ≤ 26 cycles.
- Cq values of unknown samples will vary depending on the starting DNA concentration. If no Cq value is detected in the FAM, HEX, and TEX615 channels for unknown samples, confirm sample was added to the reactions by verifying positive amplification of the internal control (IC) in the Cy5 channel, which can be detected in each PCR mix included in the kit.
- If no amplification is detected with the unknown sample, the sample may be interpreted as negative for the targeted resistance mechanisms.
- If amplification of an unknown sample in the FAM, HEX, and TEX615 channels is detected after 26 cycles, the sample requires further investigation. The sample may be re-extracted, the PCR run repeated, or the amplified product could be sequenced for verification.
- If Cq values for control targets or unknown samples fall outside the indicated range, please contact Streck Technical Services for further assistance at 800-843-0912 or technicalservices@streck.com.

Notes:

- As a guideline for determining target- and instrument-specific Cq values for each control, please reference the instrument-specific Data Acquisition and Analysis Guides at www.streck.com. These values were determined during Streck's internal validation of the assay for each control target and real-time PCR system indicated.
- In this IFU, the term Cq (Quantification Cycle) indicates the cycle number at which fluorescence from amplification exceeds the background fluorescence as per recommendation by MIQE Guidelines. However, depending on the real-time PCR system manufacturer, the term has also been referred to as threshold cycle (Ct) or crossing point (Cp).

LIMITATIONS

- The internal control (IC) primers have been designed to amplify a highly conserved gene target present in many Gram-negative bacteria. However, the IC may not successfully amplify from certain Gram-negative species or strains. Therefore, one should consider this for interpreting the

absence of the IC product from a specific sample.

2. The gene family targets have been tested against a considerable number of isolates with excellent sensitivity and specificity results. Extensive testing has been done in DNA extracted from *Escherichia*, *Klebsiella*, *Salmonella*, *Acinetobacter* and *Enterobacter* genera. However, given the genomic diversity of bacteria, Streck does not guarantee that all OXA β -lactamase genes will be detected in all Gram-negative subspecies. Results from this test should be used in combination with other laboratory tests available for accurate interpretation.
3. Using the Streck ARM-D Kit, OXA (RUO) with alternative 4-channel real-time PCR platforms or other enzymes not listed in this IFU is possible, but optimization may be required. Contact Streck Technical Services for assistance.

REFERENCES

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ORDERING INFORMATION

Please call our Customer Service Department at 800-228-6090 for assistance. Additional information can be found online at www.streck.com.

GLOSSARY OF SYMBOLS

See the Instructions (IFU) tab under Resources on the product page at www.streck.com.

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See www.streck.com/patents for patents that may be applicable to this product.

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2019-07